## Saturday $18^{\text {th }}$ April

The table below shows the possible results when you roll 2 dice and add the scores together.

## Dice 1

| + | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |

Based on this table, the probability of getting a 12 is $1 / 36$, the probability of getting a 6 is $5 / 36$ etc..

It is possible to number the 2 dice differently, and yet keep all the probabilities above the same. Each face of the 2 new dice have positive integers on them, and a dice may have more than one of the same number on different faces. The two dice are not identical. What are the numbers on the two dice?

Dice 1

Dice 2


